EXODUS

REDEMPTION: THE STORY



WEDNESDAY NIGHT TEACHING Jim Rossi & Rebekah Townsend

WEEK 4 | EXODUS 15:22-18:27



NORTHPARKCHURCH.ORG/EXODUS

READINGS FOR WEDNESDAY NIGHT BIBLE STUDY

Please read the following section prior to the Wednesday night Bible study. This will prepare you for the study and group discussion.

You may read any version. Most of the studies will utilize the NLT and NIV.

THE BOOK OF EXODUS READINGS

Week 1	September 8	Exodus 1-4
Week 2	September 15	Exodus 5-10
Week 3	September 22	Exodus 11:1-15:21
Week 4	September 29	Exodus 15:22- 18:27
Week 5	October 6	Exodus 19-24
Week 6	October 13	Exodus 25-27; 30-31
Week 7	October 20	Exodus 28-29
Week 8	October 27	Exodus 32-40

Session 4A - The School of Life

I. **EXPECT TRIALS TO COME (Ex. 15:22—16:3)**

Possible to win the battle \rightarrow lose the victory \rightarrow this is what the Hebrews did

One great victory → doesn't settle everything →

A. "What shall we drink? (Ex. 15:22-27)

An anxious heart \rightarrow not a trusting heart (Matt. 6:21, 25–33) \rightarrow

Bitter water \rightarrow Marah \rightarrow "bitter" \rightarrow

"Well, I know my own heart" → "the heart is deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked: who can know it?" (Jer. 17:9)

The attitude that we take toward our difficulties \rightarrow determines which direction life will go \rightarrow

Trust God and obey His Word \rightarrow pass the test and grow \rightarrow

Unbelief \rightarrow complain \rightarrow disobey the Lord \rightarrow fail the test \rightarrow remain immature (James 1:12–18; Heb. 12:1–11)

Israel experts → murmuring and complaining (Ex. 16:1–12; Num. 14:2, 27–29; 16:41; 17:1–10; Deut. 1:27; Ps. 78:17ff.; 106:14)

God was testing them \rightarrow they were tempting Him \rightarrow

To tempt $\operatorname{God} \to \operatorname{to}$ deliberately adopt a disobedient posture \to and dare Him to do anything about it

God → longsuffering and gracious → sometimes has to "discipline" → Complaining doesn't solve problems →

The heart of every problem \rightarrow is the problem in the heart \rightarrow

Remembered the food \rightarrow forgot the wonders of God (Ps. 106:7) \rightarrow worshiped the gods of Egypt (Josh. 24:14; Ezek. 20:6–9; 23:8)

Moses took \rightarrow the way of faith \rightarrow God can solve our problems \rightarrow

- → By changing things (like making the bitter waters sweet) →
- → By giving us something else (like the wells of water at Elim)
- → By giving us the grace to bear with our difficulties and not complain (2 Cor. 12:7–10)

The emphasis \rightarrow trusting God and obeying Him \rightarrow

Complaining \rightarrow evidence of unbelief \rightarrow obedience \rightarrow evidence of faith

The Hebrews \rightarrow learned about themselves and about life \rightarrow learned something about their God \rightarrow "Jehovah-Ropha, the Lord who heals" (Ex. 15:26)

God promised \rightarrow physical blessings \rightarrow if they obeyed Him \rightarrow physical afflictions \rightarrow if they disobeyed (Deut. 7:12–15; 28)

The lesson \rightarrow If it is God's will \rightarrow God is certainly able to heal \rightarrow

If life tests → discouraged

If life pleasure → never learn discipline / develop character

B. What shall we eat? (Ex. 16:1-3)

The wilderness of Sin \rightarrow the wilderness of Zin \rightarrow (Num. 13:21; 33:11–12)

The whole congregation complained \rightarrow they were hungry \rightarrow

Away from Egypt only a month \rightarrow remembered the "flesh pots" of Egypt \rightarrow

Forgot the bondage, the beatings, and the misery \rightarrow

Moses and Aaron accused→ deliberately led them into the wilderness →

II. TRUST GOD TO SUPPLY THE NEED (Ex. 16:4–18)

God heard their murmurings \rightarrow in His grace and mercy met their needs \rightarrow (Ex. 16:8) \rightarrow (Ex. 16:4)

A. God's promise (Ex 16:4–5, 8, 11–12)

Our pilgrim journey \rightarrow we live on promises and not explanations \rightarrow

God is sovereign →

Job \rightarrow frustrated with God \rightarrow

Job \rightarrow overwhelmed \rightarrow doesn't ask God a thing! (Job 40:1–5)

God's ways are far above us → His wisdom unsearchable (Isa. 55:8–9; Rom. 11:33–36)

B. God's glory (Ex. 16:6–7, 9–10)

Important \rightarrow Israel focus on the glory of God \rightarrow

When circumstances difficult \rightarrow we pray \rightarrow

Important \rightarrow God accomplishes His purposes \rightarrow receives all the glory (Matt. 6:33)

God permits trials →

C. God's faithfulness (Ex. 16:13–15)

That evening, the quail \rightarrow

The next morning \rightarrow manna appeared \rightarrow (Ps. 78:17–25)

The word manna → "What, please?" or "What is it?" (Hebrew, ma-nah)

Manna \rightarrow their food for the next forty years \rightarrow (Ex. 16:35; Josh. 5:11–12)

The manna \rightarrow small, like a seed \rightarrow tasted sweet like honey (Ex. 16:31)

D. God's Son \rightarrow The Bread of Life (John 6:22–59)

Jesus preached a sermon \rightarrow "the bread of life" \rightarrow

Prove He was the Messiah \rightarrow duplicate the miracle of the manna (Ex. 16:30-31) \rightarrow He declared \rightarrow "the true bread" \rightarrow (Isa. 55:2)

Jesus is the Bread of Life \rightarrow

Manna only to Israel → Jesus for the whole world

The miracle of the manna \rightarrow

Each day, you and I must "feed on Jesus Christ" by reading the Word, meditating on it, and obeying what it says.

The Hebrews \rightarrow in the synagogue \rightarrow Jesus speaking about literally eating His flesh and blood (John 6:52–56) \rightarrow

He was speaking in spiritual language → referring to receiving His Word (Jn. 6:61–-63)

Peter \rightarrow got the message (Jn. 6:67–68) \rightarrow

God's Word \rightarrow heavenly food that nourishes our spiritual lives \rightarrow (Job 23:12; Jer. 15:16; Matt. 4:4; 1 Peter 2:2; Heb. 5:12–14)

III. OBEY GOD'S INSTRUCTIONS (Ex. 16:16–31)

God not the author of confusion (1 Cor. 14:33) →

If we obey His instructions \rightarrow He will bless \rightarrow

If we disobey \rightarrow there will be disappointment and discipline \rightarrow (1 Cor. 14:40)

A. The gathering of the manna (Ex. 16:18, 21)

The Hebrews \rightarrow instructed to gather manna daily \rightarrow only as much as each person in the family could eat (Ex. 16:16)

An omer → Hebrew dry measure → about two quarts→

The manna \rightarrow especially nutritious \rightarrow

Hebrews marched and camped by tribes (Num. 1—2) \rightarrow

Important to get up early to gather the manna \rightarrow the hot desert sun would melt it (Ex. 16:21) \rightarrow

There's a lesson →

Start the day with the Lord \rightarrow gathering spiritual food from the Word \rightarrow

The "early risers" \rightarrow of the Bible include \rightarrow Abraham (Gen. 19:27; 21:14; 22:3) \rightarrow Jacob (28:18) \rightarrow Moses (Ex. 8:20; 9:13; 24:4) \rightarrow Joshua (Josh. 3:1, 6) \rightarrow Samuel (1 Sam. 15:12) \rightarrow Job (Job 1:5) \rightarrow David (Ps. 57:8; 108:2) \rightarrow Jesus Christ (Mark 1:35)

B. The keeping of the manna (Ex. 16:19–21)

Lazy Israelites → save some manna →

Manna soured, smelled, bred maggots, and had to be thrown away →

A personal warning →

We can't hoard His Word → can't live on yesterday's spiritual nourishment

C. Manna for the Sabbath (Ex. 16:22-31)

Exodus 16:23 → Sabbath

"The seventh day" in Genesis 2:1-3 \rightarrow the Lord's rest \rightarrow

Hebrews taught to observe the Sabbath → before God gave Moses the Ten Commandments →

The Sabbath \rightarrow reminder of His covenant (Ex. 20:8-11; 31:12-17)

Sabbath in Hebrew \rightarrow "to cease working, to rest" \rightarrow

Remember \rightarrow gathering of the manna \rightarrow a test from God \rightarrow to see if His people would obey the law He was about to give them (Ex. 16:4)

IV. REMEMBER THE LESSONS GOD TEACHES YOU (Ex. 16:32-36)

The instructions in verses 33-34 anticipate \rightarrow

- \rightarrow The giving of the law (or "testimony"; Ex. 31:18; 32:15) \rightarrow
- \rightarrow The making of the ark of testimony (Ex. 25:16, 22; 26:33) \rightarrow
- \rightarrow The construction of the tabernacle \rightarrow
- \rightarrow The ark of the testimony \rightarrow the throne of God in the camp

Holy of Holies in the tabernacle \rightarrow glory of God dwelt \rightarrow within the ark were \rightarrow two tablets of the law \rightarrow Aaron's rod \rightarrow golden jar of manna (Heb. 9:4).

The high priest \rightarrow enter the Holy of Holies once a year \rightarrow

A reminder of an important truth →

God gave the law \rightarrow to Israel \rightarrow He loved His people

They needed a light to guide them \rightarrow God's law is a lamp and a light \rightarrow and obeying the law means life (Prov. 6:23) \rightarrow (Deut. 8:1-3)

GROUP DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

Session 4A

1. What challenging experiences are you now facing that will, hopefully, help you to mature and glorify God?

2. What spiritual lessons can be learned from God's provision of the manna? Which of these is especially important for you?

Session 004B - The Lord of Hosts is with Us

I. GOD DIRECTS OUR STEPS (Ex. 17:1-7)

Toward Mount Sinai \rightarrow people of Israel still being led \rightarrow by the pillar of cloud by day \rightarrow the pillar of fire by night

Life's journey → involves much more than merely reaching a destination →

A. An old test repeated (Ex. 17:1-3)

Israel \rightarrow long way to go \rightarrow to qualify as a godly nation

In Rephidim \rightarrow in the wilderness of Sinai \rightarrow without water

Guilty of ingratitude and unbelief →

If in unbelief → **Then** temptation

If we trust God \rightarrow Then the trial will work for us (Rom. 8:28; James 1:12 \rightarrow

This example \rightarrow people wanted to stone their leader (Ex. 17:5) \rightarrow

B. An unfailing resource (Ex. 17:4-7)

Moses \rightarrow called on the Lord for help (Ex. 15:25; 32:30ff.; Num. 11:1–2; 12:13; 14:13ff; Ps. 46:1)

The Lord instructed him \rightarrow the elders \rightarrow the rod \rightarrow (Ex. 7:20) \rightarrow strike the rock \rightarrow

Moses obeyed \rightarrow water gushed from the rock (Ps. 78:15–16; 105:41; 114:8; Isa. 48:21)

The rock \rightarrow a type of Jesus Christ \rightarrow smitten for us on the cross (1 Cor. 10:4)

The water \rightarrow type of the Holy Spirit \rightarrow coming made possible by Christ's death, resurrection, and ascension to heaven (John 7:37–39)

 $(Num. 20:1-13) \rightarrow (Rom. 6:10; Heb. 7:27; 9:26-28)$

Massah \rightarrow means "to test" \rightarrow Meribah \rightarrow means "contention, quarreling"

Hebrews hadn't learned → God tests His people →

Difficult experiences → strengthen our faith / mature our character

Israel's faith \rightarrow in God very weak \rightarrow

The Israelites \rightarrow hard hearts \rightarrow unbelieving hearts \rightarrow (Ps. 95:6-11; Heb. 3)

They complained about water \rightarrow forty years (Num. 20:1-13)

→ Confronted with distress / disappointment → "Not my will but Yours be done"

II. GOD DEFEATS OUR ENEMIES (Ex. 17:8–16)

On the journey of faith \rightarrow we face battles \rightarrow

Pilgrims / soldiers → occasionally endure hardship (2 Tim. 2:3-4)

A. The enemy (Ex. 17:8)

The Devil \rightarrow our greatest enemy (1 Peter 5:8) \rightarrow (Eph. 2:1-3)

Israel \rightarrow delivered from Egypt by the power of God \rightarrow God's people today \rightarrow delivered from \rightarrow "this present evil world [age]" \rightarrow (Gal. 1:3-4) \rightarrow

We are \rightarrow in the world \rightarrow not of the world (John 17:14–16) \rightarrow must not become conformed to the world (Rom. 12:2)

We renounce \rightarrow the things of the flesh (Gal. 5:16–21) \rightarrow resist \rightarrow attacks of the Devil (James 4:7; 1 Peter 5:8–9)

The Amalekites \rightarrow descendants of \rightarrow Esau (Gen. 36:12, 16) \rightarrow "a profane person" (Heb. 12:16)

The word \rightarrow "profane" ("godless") \rightarrow from Greek \rightarrow "a threshold" \rightarrow somebody who can be "walked on" by anybody or anything

The English word profane \rightarrow from Latin \rightarrow and means \rightarrow "outside the temple" \rightarrow that is, unhallowed and common.

Esau \rightarrow lived for the world / the flesh \rightarrow despised spiritual things (Gen. 27:17)

Esau → opposed Jacob → threatened to kill him (Gen. 27:41) →

Esau's descendants \rightarrow opposed the children of Jacob (Israel) \rightarrow threatened to annihilate them \rightarrow

The Christian life →

We identify with Jesus Christ \rightarrow His enemies become our enemies (Luke 12:49–53) \rightarrow we must "fight the good fight of faith" (1 Tim. 6:12)

The battles of life \rightarrow balance the blessings of life \rightarrow

B. The strategy (Deut. 25:17–19)

Amalekites attacked Israel \rightarrow at the weakest place in the camp \rightarrow

Amalek attacked → after Israel experienced a great blessing →

Satan and his demonic army (Eph. 6:10–12) \rightarrow know our weakest point \rightarrow

Mark 14:38

The enemy attacks God's people → after they've experienced special blessings →

After his victory over the four kings \rightarrow Abraham was tempted to take the spoil (Gen. 14:17–24) \rightarrow

After victory over Jericho \rightarrow Joshua overconfident \rightarrow defeated at Ai (Josh. 7)

After Elijah defeated priests of Baal → discouraged / tempted to quit (1 Kings 18:41-19:18) →

After the blessings at His baptism \rightarrow our Lord led into the wilderness to be tempted (Matt. 3:13-4:1) \rightarrow 1 Cor. 10:12

C. The victory (Ex. 17:9–13)

Night of deliverance from Egypt \rightarrow didn't have to fight \rightarrow Lord fought for them \rightarrow Ex. 14:13

On pilgrim journey \rightarrow Israel entered battle many times \rightarrow trust the Lord for victory

1 John 5:4

Joshua → 200 times →

Born in Egypt \rightarrow named Hoshea \rightarrow "salvation" \rightarrow

Changed name \rightarrow Joshua \rightarrow Yahweh is salvation (Num. 13:8, 16) \rightarrow Hebrew equivalent \rightarrow "Jesus" (Matt. 1:21; Heb. 4:8)

Knew the rigors of Egyptian slavery →

Became Moses' servant (Ex. 24:13; 33:11; Josh. 1:1) (Matt. 25:21, 23)

Joshua → only one day to rally his army / get them ready for the attack

Israel's victory over Amalek three elements →

The power of God \rightarrow

The skill of Joshua / the army on the battlefield →

The intercession of Moses, Aaron, and Hur →

God could have sent angels (Isa. 37:38) \rightarrow He uses humans

Joshua and his army \rightarrow trust God and fight \rightarrow

Moses and his associates trust God and intercede → God would do the rest

God's people→ grow in faith → God's name glorified

The Hebrews \rightarrow lifted their hands when they prayed (Ps. 28:2; 44:20; 63:4; 134:2; 1 Kings 8:22, 38, 54; 1 Tim. 2:8) \rightarrow

Moses held the staff of God in his hands → confessed total dependence on the authority and power of Yahweh

The God of Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob \rightarrow "the LORD of Hosts" \rightarrow empowered Joshua and his army

When Moses held the rod up in his hands \rightarrow Israel prevailed \rightarrow when he brought his hands down \rightarrow Amalek prevailed

True intercession \rightarrow demanding activity (1 Thess. 5:17) \rightarrow

Epaphras → "always laboring fervently" in our prayers (Col. 4:12) →

Joshua \rightarrow couldn't have succeeded without Moses \rightarrow Moses couldn't have prevailed without Aaron and Hur

God is looking for people \rightarrow share in the battle \rightarrow the victory \rightarrow steadfastly in prayer (Rom. 12:12; Isa. 59:16)

Jesus \rightarrow ever lives in heaven to make intercession for us \rightarrow (Heb. 7:25)

The Holy Spirit \rightarrow intercedes for us and guides us in our praying (Rom. 8:26-27)

God promises victory \rightarrow (Eph. 6:17-18)

D. The testimony (Ex. 17:14-16)

Moses → gave all the glory to God → built an altar → "The LORD is my Banner" → Moses lifted a banner → to honor the only true God

Moses \rightarrow also gave the reason for this memorial \rightarrow

"For hands were lifted up to the throne of the LORD" (Ex. 17:16 NIV) → referring to Moses' intercession on the hill.

God answered prayer → helped His people →

Moses → official book of records → Israel contend with Amalek →

Israel → fought at Kadesh-Barnea → defeated (Num. 14:45) →

Gideon \rightarrow conquered them / the Midianites (Judg. 6:33)

King Saul \rightarrow failed to obey God / exterminate the Amalekites \rightarrow lost his crown (1 Sam. 15) \rightarrow killed by an Amalekite (2 Sam. 1:1–16)

David \rightarrow defeated the Amalekites \rightarrow (1 Sam. 30) \rightarrow became king \rightarrow finally subdued them (2 Sam. 8:11–12)

Hezekiah → annihilated Amalekites →

God's judgment of the Amalekites → you can't attack the throne of God → and get away with it

III. GOD DESERVES OUR PRAISE (Ex. 18:1–12)

This chapter \rightarrow describes the camp of Israel \rightarrow a quiet place

Praising God → better than complaining to God→

A. Jethro's message (Ex. 18:1–6)

Moses' father-in-law \rightarrow Ex. 2:11–22

Questions why this information / story \rightarrow about Moses' family \rightarrow

B. Jethro's arrival (Ex. 18:7–8)

In the East \rightarrow long greeting \rightarrow (Luke 10:4) \rightarrow especially if they haven't seen each other for a long time (Gen. 29:9–14; 33:1–7; 45:1–15)

Moses \rightarrow respect for his father-in-law \rightarrow

Hospitality → Moses invited Jethro and others to his tent

Jethro → got a complete report →

C. Jethro's worship (Ex. 18:9–12)

Jethro a Gentile priest (Ex. 2:16) \rightarrow

He knew the Lord punished the Egyptians \rightarrow they "treated Israel arrogantly" (Ex. 18:11)

The priesthood \rightarrow not yet been officially established in Israel \rightarrow OK to join Jethro in offering sacrifices to God \rightarrow

IV. GOD DISTRIBUTES OUR BURDENS (Ex. 18:13–27)

A. The task (Ex. 18:13–16)

The nation already had elders (Ex. 18:13; 4:29), → weren't assisting Moses

Management of the camp (Ex. 18:16) \rightarrow

The phrase statutes and laws \rightarrow decrees and instructions \rightarrow in verse 16 \rightarrow

God blessed Abraham → (Gen. 26:5)

Judicial codes necessary \rightarrow have to be interpreted \rightarrow

(Mal. 2:4–7) \rightarrow

The time of Ezra (Ezra 7:10) \rightarrow interpreters of the law

B. The danger (Ex. 18:17–18)

Jethro → Moses' leadership crucial for the future success of Israel →

Moses confessed the work too much for him (Num. 11:14) \rightarrow

C. The suggestion (Ex. 18:19–27)

Jethro's suggestion → a good one

Moses organized the camp \rightarrow every ten people had somebody to talk to about their civil problems.

Ruler of ten \rightarrow ruler of fifty \rightarrow one hundred \rightarrow one thousand \rightarrow Moses

Moses \rightarrow teach people the regulations \rightarrow assisted by the chosen rulers \rightarrow

- \rightarrow Represent the people before God \rightarrow
- → God's chosen leader →

There are those who say that Jethro was a meddler \rightarrow and should have minded his own business \rightarrow because God could have enabled Moses to get the job done each day.

Jethro \rightarrow didn't command Moses \rightarrow he urged Moses \rightarrow to talk to the Lord about the problem \rightarrow and obey whatever God said (Ex. 18:23)

Moses didn't ask Jethro how to build the tabernacle \rightarrow or how to offer the sacrifices \rightarrow

Delegating responsibilities → leaders who have ability and character → "able men, such as fear God, men of truth, hating covetousness" (Ex. 18:21)

Qualifications \rightarrow the experience of the early church \rightarrow assist the apostles \rightarrow and relieve them of lesser duties (Acts 6:1–7)

Assistants → good reputations, full of the Spirit and wisdom, approved by the people

Deuteronomy 1:9-18 → Moses shared Jethro's counsel → admitted his weakness and weariness, asked to select leaders to assist him

Approved of the plan \rightarrow and selected the officers \rightarrow

Promised Land \rightarrow appointed officers in each town (Ex. 16:18–20) \rightarrow

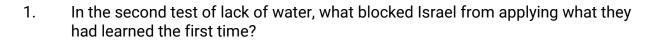
God is a God of order \rightarrow

Whenever ministry and structure collide \rightarrow and ministry is being hindered \rightarrow God's people must adjust the structure \rightarrow so ministry can grow.

The Jerusalem church (Acts 6:7) \rightarrow

GROUP DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

Session 4B



How might this happen in our lives?

2. What is something from Moses' experiences that you would like to take to heart?

QUESTIONS FOR REFLECTION THIS WEEK

Questions to consider on your own, during the week:

- 1. Immediately after the victory, the Israelites faced trials (Ex. 15:22 16:3). Why should we expect trials?
- 2. What is the difference between the Lord's testing and the Devil's tempting?
- 3. "To tempt God means to deliberately adopt a disobedient posture and dare Him to do anything about it." How did the Israelites do this in 15:22–27? How might someone do this today?
- 4. What is the right response when facing a problem? In what different ways might God answer a cry for help?
- 5. The Israelites remembered the good but not the hardship of Egypt. How can believers keep a proper perspective about the past and the present?
- 6. What does it mean to "live on promises and not explanations"?
- 7. Where might God be testing you for obedience as He tested the Israelites with the instructions about manna?
- 8. The Israelites kept a jar of manna to remember what they had learned from it (16:32–37). How can you be sure to remember a spiritual lesson the Lord taught you?
- 9. God promises that He will be with you always, as He was with Moses. How does this affect your experience of daily life?
- 10. Why was God leading Israel into difficult situations, such as the one in Exodus 17:1–7?

- 11. What did Moses need to do again and again in his frustrating task of leadership (17:4)?
- 12. What place along your life's journey could sadly be called "Massah" and "Meribah"? How could you have responded better in that place?
- 13. Why does Wiersbe say Moses got weary while holding up the rod of God (17:12)? How do you respond to that?
- 14. Aaron and Hur played crucial supporting roles in the victories of Israel. How can you be a support and share in the battle through your local church?
- 15. How can you incorporate more times of praise in your relationship with the Lord?
- 16. Whom did God use to help Moses be a more effective leader (18:13–27)? Why was this surprising?
- 17. What does Moses' adjustment of the leadership structure teach the church about ministry?